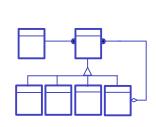
Vertical Industry Frameworks & Components •

Connecticut Object Oriented Users Group
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Our Background

- Vertical industry business object applications since mid-80s
 - insurance and finance
 - C++ and Smalltalk
- Designed and assisted marketing an insurance framework (selling system) for a major insurance company
- Participated in object harvesting project sponsored by an industry consortium
- Built and market a life insurance tax compliance business object framework

Definitions

- Business object
 - an object that corresponds to an entity familiar in the business domain
 - •e.g. Stock, Bond, InsurancePolicy
- Class library
- a collection of classes that represent entities of the business used for creating business objects

Definitions (cont.)

- Component
 - •encapsulated software services that can be used to build systems, which are packaged for reusability
- Framework
 - a group of business objects or components that work together to provide some useful business application
 - a subsystem
 - •e.g. claims processing, order entry

Characteristics of this Market

- Software application comprised of cooperating business objects that deliver a particular business benefit
- Generally strong interrelationships among the business objects
- Multiple business objects combine to provide higher grain components
- Business objects are rarely "generic"
 - company specific rules and methods

Characteristics (cont.)

- Not "black box" components
- Customization is required for a particular company's business rules
- Can become a "black box" component for an individual company

Buying Issues

- Is there value added? How close is the fit?
- 'Build versus buy'
 - conventional thinking
 - decision criteria:
 - •quality of the offering, how OO is it?
 - •time-to-market
 - •functionality
 - •success rate of new development projects
 - •ease of integration
 - maintainability

Buying Issues (cont.)

- Skill set of staff
- Commitment to newer technologies
- Project characteristics
 - enterprise solution or project-based
- Corporate culture

Vendor Issues

- Customer sincerity:
 - •"If there was a model of my industry, I'd buy it in a minute."
 - Not Invented Here friction
 - Professional curiousity
- Intellectual property
 - "please send your design guide"
- Pay as you go...

Vendor Issues (cont.)

- Generic / specific tradeoffs
- Product vs. engagement aid
- Pricing
 - few frame of references
 - shrinked-wrapped based expectations
- Knowledge transfer
- References

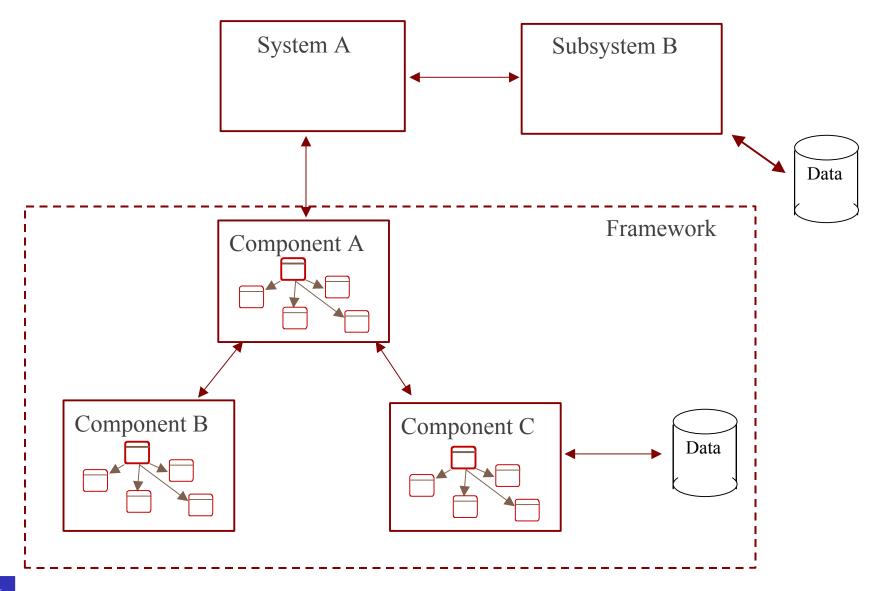
Where's the Value

- Intellectual property
- A foundation to extend
 - gets past the clean sheet of paper
 - infrastructure
- A defined set of requirements
- Existing design and implementation
- Tested code

What's Important

- Architecture
 - application architecture
 - application components
 - design principles
 - design patterns

Application Architecture



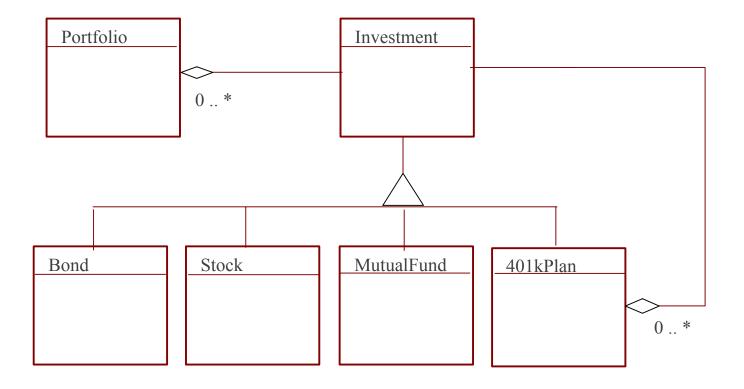
Design Principles

- · A written set of stated design objectives to use as a reference during the development phase
- Addresses current and future uses of the framework
- Affects the representation and placement of knowledge
- · Influences design decisions

Design Principle

· "The tax subsystem will contain the knowledge of the tax law with other interfacing subsystems exhibiting little or no knowledge of the tax law."

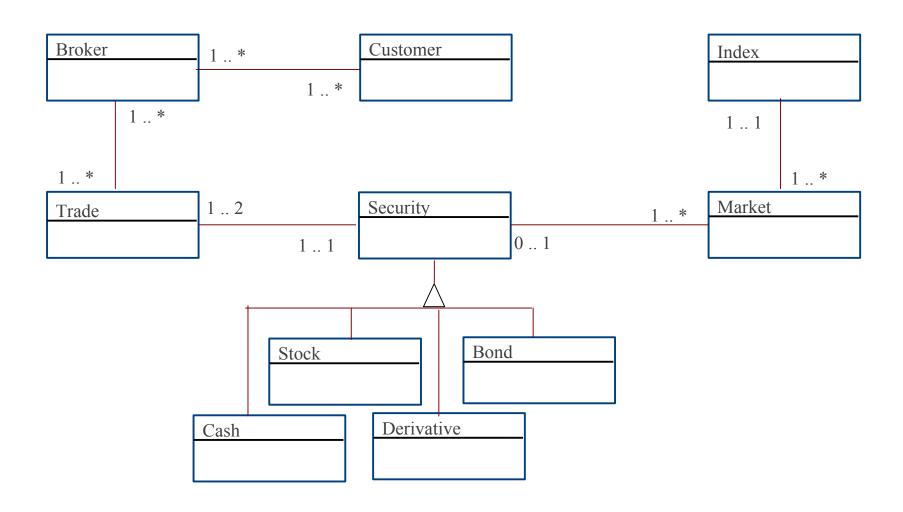
Design Patterns - Composite



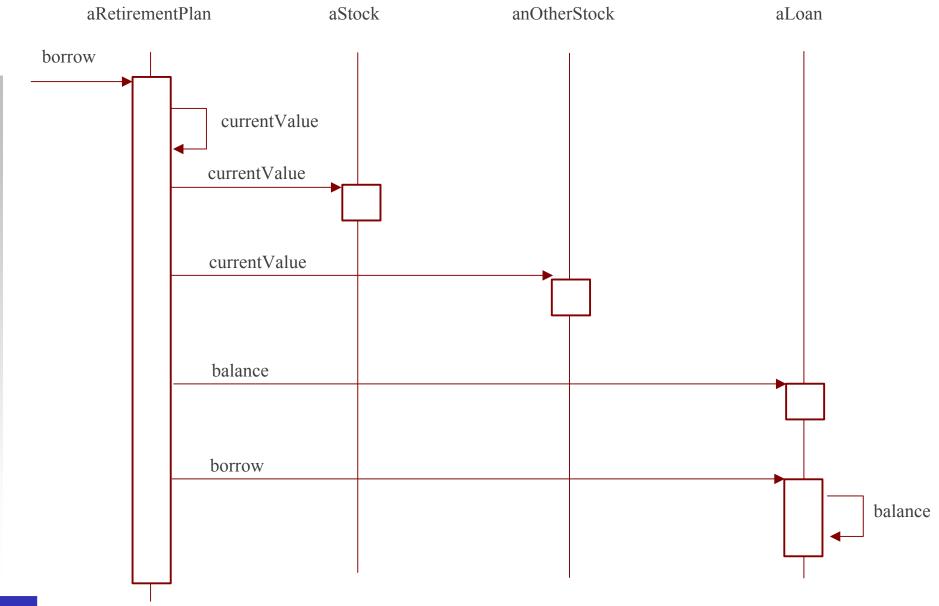
What's Important (cont.)

- Functional specifications
 - •use cases
- Design documentation
 - object models
 - interaction diagrams, etc.

Finance Industry Object Model



Business Object Interaction Diagram



What's Important (cont.)

- Implementation language (??)
- Source code
 - •right to modify, enhance
 - coding guidelines, commenting
- Test suites

Evaluation Issues

- How well does the model map to your enterprise model?
- · How consisent is the business terminology?
- · How flexible is the model for adapting your specific business rules and methods?
- · Is it a good fit for your needs?

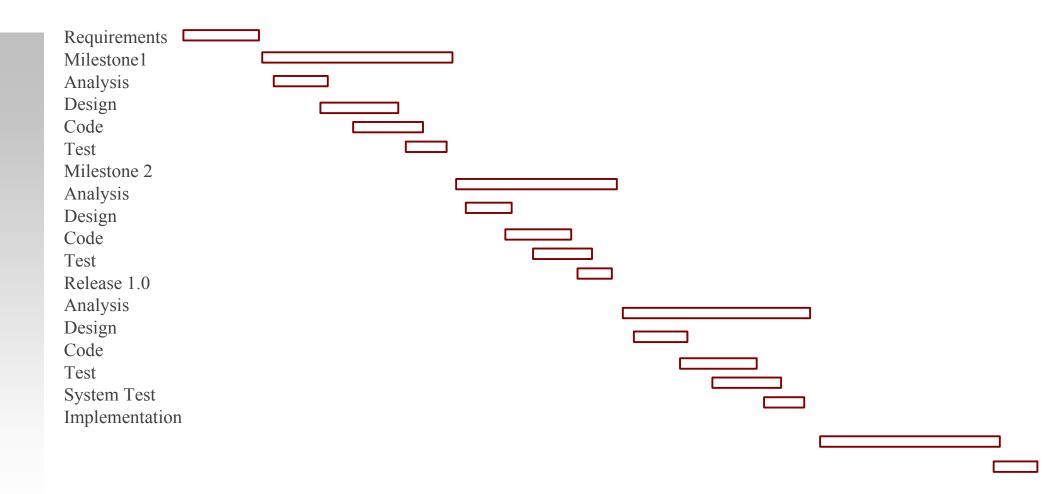
Evaluation Issues (cont.)

- What is the OO experience of the vendor?
- Pricing
 - How does the price compare to your cost to develop?
- Delivery time
- Implementation language
- Platform support
- Standards compliance
- Customer references
- Consider conducting a sample test

Implementation Issues

- Knowledge transfer
- Support
- Extension:
 - Reviews
 - •architecture
 - •design
 - •code

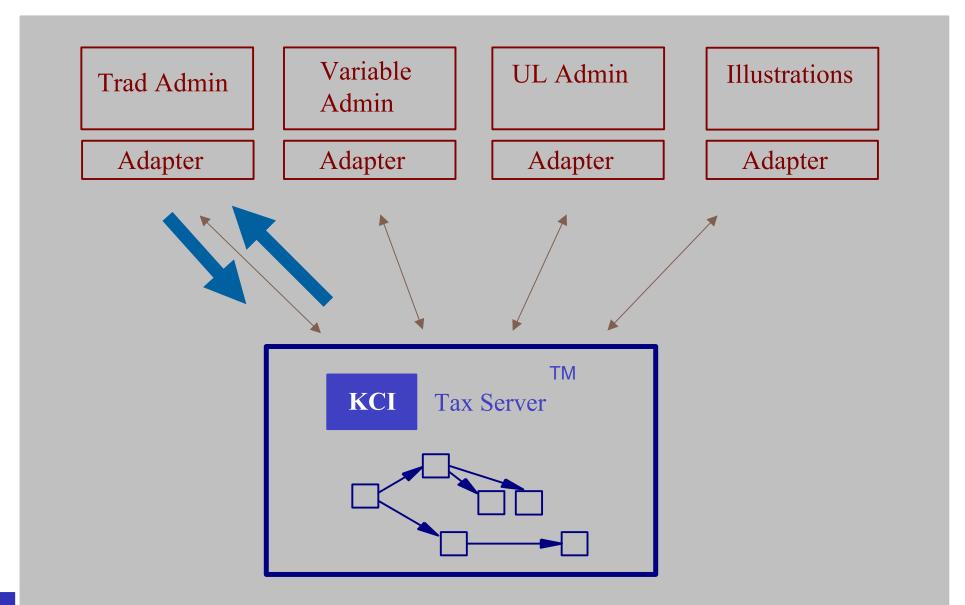
A Project



A Framework / Component Project

- Project with large life insurance company
- Tax subsystem
- 25 year old COBOL legacy administrative system
- Component-based legacy transition
- Daily batch transactions
 - •premium payments, loans, etc.

Tax SubsystemArchitecture



Project (cont.)

- 10 person development team
 - 3 external resources (KCI)
 - client personnel with conventional skill set
- Architectural components:
 - •25 year old COBOL legacy system -- variable life insurance
 - IBM MQSeries messaging
 - DB2
 - Windows NT Server based KCI Tax Server
 - •Smalltalk business object component

Project (cont.)

- Started with initial framework & architecture
- ~14 month duration
- The result:
 - 1st production run on 10/27/97
 - It works!
- Additional connections planned

Summary

- Business object frameworks / components are an important part of software development
- It is a strategic investment
- Make an honest assessment of build v. buy
- If you buy:
 - gain an understanding of what you're are getting
 - get the source code
 - achieve a proper knowledge transfer

Summary (cont.)

- If you build one:
 - Consider a development partner or get help if this is your first time
 - End users should resist entering the software business
 - Stay focused on your distinctive competence
 - Stay focused on meeting the needs of the business